

FIG. 1

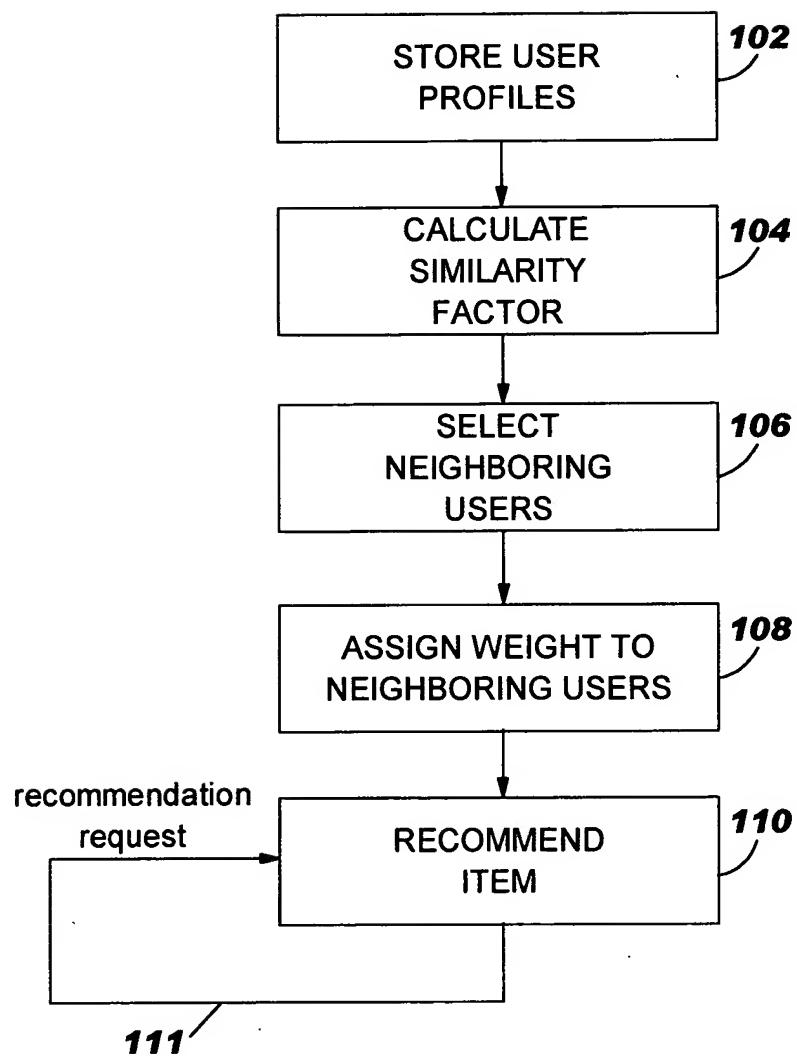
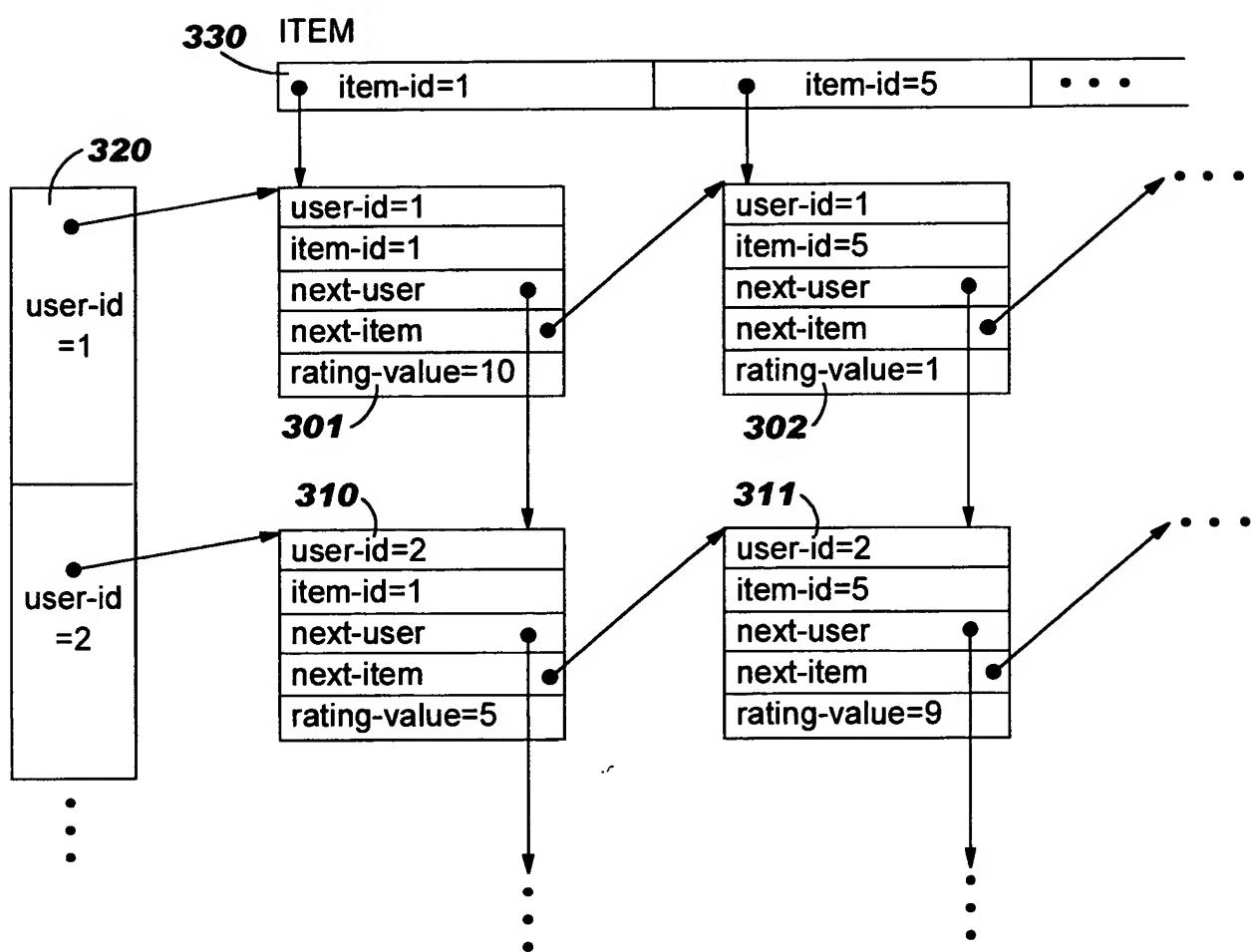


FIG. 2

user-id
item-id
next-user
next-item
rating-value

FIG. 3



## FIG. 4

401.calc(u,selected)  
402.define used[v]=false for each user v  
403.used[u]=true  
404.initialize list N as empty list  
405.  
406.foreach rating ru of list USER[u] do  
407. if (selected[ru.item-id])  
408. foreach rating ri of list ITEM[ru.item-id] do  
409.     u'=ri.user-id  
410.     if (used[u'] == false  
411.         used[u']=true  
412.         append tuple (u',similarity)u,u',selected)) to list N  
413.  
414.sort N by value t.s of each tuple t=(t.u,t.s) by quicksort/heapsort  
415.  
416.return N

420.similarity(x,y,selected)  
421.this function is returning the similarity between user x and user y,  
eg. the Pierce coefficient.  
422.It will be computed only on the items "it" for which selected[it]==true

## FIG. 5

```
501.calc(u,selected)
502.if there is no computed list N(u) for user u just do the "normal" calc(u,selected)
503.
504.if timestamp(last update u) > timestamp(N(u)) do the "normal" calc(u,selected)
505.
506.foreach tuple t=(t.u,t.s) of N(u) do
507.    if (timestamp(last update t.u) > timestamp(N(u)))
508.        t.s = similarity(u,t.u,selected)
509.
510.sort N(u) by bubble sort if the number of updates is small,
      otherwise by quicksort/heapsort
511.update timestamp of N(u)
512.return N(u)
```